ELECTROSTEEL USA, LLC AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024





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MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

April 25, 2025

To the Board of Directors and Member of Electrosteel USA, LLC and Subsidiary

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Electrosteel USA, LLC (a Delaware corporation) and subsidiary (the Company), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of income, member's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Electrosteel USA, LLC and subsidiary as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going
 concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Holland, Bromley, Barnhill & Brett, LLP Savannah, Georgia

Holland, Browly, Bahill + Butt, up

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 392,765	\$ 425,039
Accounts receivable, net	3,314,674	
Income taxes receivable, net	274,355	287,400
Inventory	15,604,881	18,690,337
Prepaid expenses	197,663	128,692
Total current assets	19,784,338	20,814,162
Operating lease right-of-use assets	2,154,182	3,260,081
Deferred tax asset	-	77,718
Security deposit	76,549	76,899
Property and equipment, net	681,433	571,537
Total assets	\$ 22,696,502	\$ 24,800,397
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 9,054,652	\$ 12,629,949
Accrued expenses	189,813	190,054
Finance lease liabilities	94,705	74,539
Operating lease liabilities	678,297	502,258
Notes payable	5,659,572	2,264,046
Total current liabilities	15,677,039	15,660,846
Long-term liabilities		
Finance lease liabilities	246,307	225,126
Operating lease liabilities	2,150,387	2,828,684
Notes payable	11,777	21,456
Deferred tax liability	65,746	
Total long-term liabilities	2,474,217	3,075,266
Total liabilities	18,151,256	18,736,112
Member's equity		
Contributed capital	3,000,000	3,000,000
Retained earnings	1,545,246	3,064,285
Total member's equity	4,545,246	6,064,285
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 22,696,502	\$ 24,800,397

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

	2025			<u>2024</u>
Net sales	\$	13,597,689	\$	16,920,059
Cost of goods sold		(9,927,190)		(13,136,070)
Gross profit		3,670,499	_	3,783,989
Operating expenses				
Payroll, related taxes, and benefits		2,258,905		2,176,769
Leases		857,520		436,691
Travel		219,162		195,630
Professional fees and contract labor		207,224		153,629
Interest		205,879		193,259
Relocation		197,505		-
Depreciation		153,962		124,575
Supplies		116,207		78,845
Insurance		106,822		101,870
Taxes		100,589		75,596
Advertising		97,422		86,816
Utilities		82,382		74,182
Financing fees		81,865		54,104
Repairs and maintenance		81,722		80,455
Product testing and development		81,456		135,134
Technology		36,566		35,690
Meals		33,278		22,160
Bank fees		15,958		6,119
Dues and subscriptions		15,046		19,006
Entertainment		12,094		10,628
Donations		11,320		-
Automobile		8,579		39,550
Shipping		3,605		9,398
Licenses and permits		2,054		884
Credit losses		-	_	(50,000)
Total operating expenses		4,987,122	_	4,060,990
(Loss) gain on disposal of assets		(56,778)	_	18,402
Net loss before income taxes	-	(1,373,401)	_	(258,599)
Income tax (expense) benefit		(145,638)	-	37,440
Net loss	\$	(1,519,039)	\$	(221,159)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF MEMBER'S EQUITY

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

	(Contributed Capital	Retained Earnings		Member's Equity		
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	3,000,000	\$	3,285,444	\$	6,285,444	
Net loss	<u>. </u>	-	-	(221,159)	-	(221,159)	
Balance at March 31, 2024		3,000,000		3,064,285		6,064,285	
Net loss		-		(1,519,039)	2	(1,519,039)	
Balance at March 31, 2025	\$	3,000,000	\$	1,545,246	\$	4,545,246	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

		<u>2025</u>		<u>2024</u>
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net loss	\$	(1,519,039)	\$	(221,159)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used for)				
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		153,962		124,575
Loss on disposal of equipment		56,778		-
Changes in:				
Accounts receivable, net		(2,031,980)		3,812,828
Other receivables				38,716
Income taxes receivable, net		13,045		(67,200)
Inventory		3,085,456		(4,170,272)
Prepaid expenses		(68,971)		(49,622)
Security deposit		350		(65,760)
Accounts payable		(3,575,297)		850,498
Accrued expenses		(241)		(240,875)
Operating lease liabilities and right-of-use assets		603,641		75,939
Deferred tax asset and liability		143,464	_	(73,543)
Net cash (used for) provided by operating activities	_	(3,138,832)	_	14,125
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from sale of equipment		4,500		-
Purchases of equipment		(325,136)	-	(282,598)
Net cash used for investing activities		(320,636)	_	(282,598)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Borrowings from finance lease liabilities		132,654		192,384
Borrowings from notes payable		3,400,000		<u>~</u>
Payments on finance lease liabilities		(91,307)		(70,117)
Payments on notes payable		(14,153)		(14,779)
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,427,194	_	107,488
Net decrease in cash		(32,274)		(160,985)
Cash - beginning of year		425,039		586,024
Cash - end of year	\$	392,765	\$	425,039
Cash paid during the year for:				
Interest	\$	222,234	\$	182,225
Net income taxes (refunded) paid	\$	(11,381)	\$	103,226

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION

Electrosteel USA, LLC (the Company) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Electrosteel Castings, LTD (the Parent) and is responsible for the exclusive distribution of their castings throughout North America. These castings include ductile iron pipe, fabricated ductile iron pipe, and ductile iron fittings used extensively in the waterworks industry. The Company unloads and stocks ductile iron pipes and fittings and fabricates pipes in the United States of America while maintaining a-sales team responsible for marketing to distributors, utilities, and contractors. The Company was organized on September 30, 2008 as a limited liability company in the state of Delaware to engage principally in the business of providing ductile iron pipes and fittings. The liability of the member of the Company is limited to the member's total capital contributions.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). Expenses are recognized when incurred, rather than when paid. Revenues are recognized when earned, rather than when received.

Principles of consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Electrosteel USA, LLC and its wholly owned subsidiary, Waterfab LLC, collectively referred to as the Company. Upon consolidation, all material intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated. Effective March 31, 2014, operations of Waterfab, LLC were discontinued.

Cash and equivalents

For financial statement purposes, the Company considers cash and equivalents to include all investments with an original maturity of ninety days or less.

Accounts receivable

The Company maintains an insurance policy which insures the collectability of certain customer balances up to a preapproved credit limit. Based on management's analysis of receivables, historical experience, forecasted information, and the insurance policy, an allowance for credit losses of \$50,000 is included in accounts receivable on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2025 and 2024.

Shipping income and related cost

Revenue derived from shipping costs charged to customers is recorded as a reduction of cost of goods sold, and shipping costs incurred by the Company are recorded as increases of cost of goods sold in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, with cost determined based on average cost of all similar items available during the period. As of March 31, 2025 and 2024, inventory consists of finished goods, including pipes, fittings, glands, and related products. Based on management's review of the net realizable value of certain inventory items, an impairment reserve for inventory on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets was not deemed necessary as of March 31, 2025 and 2024.

During the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, certain Company sales involving large quantities of custom finished goods were fulfilled and shipped directly by the Parent to the customer. Since no such inventory items were on hand at March 31, 2025 and 2024, they are not included in management's analysis of the lower of cost or net realizable value of inventory on hand.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment acquisitions are recorded at cost. The Company capitalizes all purchases of property and equipment valued at \$2,500 and greater which are expected to provide benefits for multiple years. Depreciation is calculated over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives by asset class are as follows: machinery and equipment, three to ten years; furniture and fixtures, five to seven years; computer equipment, three years; and land and leasehold improvements, five to ten years. Depreciation expense totaled \$153,962 and \$124,575 for the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Revenue recognition

The Company generates revenues primarily from sales of pipes and fittings. Revenues are recognized when control of these products is transferred to customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive for providing the products, net of discounts. This typically takes place at the time the product is shipped and there are no related contract assets or liabilities recorded. Certain sales of custom, fabricated pipe require customer deposits, resulting in the recognition of contract liabilities. Contract liabilities are included in deferred revenue on the accompanying consolidated statements of income. No such deferred revenue was recorded as of March 31, 2025 and 2024. Prices of pipe and fittings are fixed and do not include any variable consideration. Purchase order modifications and estimations are minimal, and each purchase order is tracked separately. The Company does not have any significant financing components as payment is received at or shortly after the point of sale.

Product warranties

The Company provides a one-year warranty on all products sold, which covers defects in materials. The Company's warranty liability is based upon historical warranty cost experience. For each of the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, management determined an accrual related to estimated warranties was not deemed necessary.

Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and presented separately on the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of estimates

Estimates are monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. Estimates are developed to achieve the objectives set out by accounting policies and involve selection of measurement technique (estimation or valuation) and selection of inputs to be used when applying the chosen measurement technique. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

New accounting pronouncement

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-13 "Financial Instrument—Credit Losses" (Topic 326), which requires entities to measure all expected credit losses for financial instruments held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The new guidance broadens the information to be considered when measuring credit losses to include forward-looking information, increases usefulness of the financial statements by requiring timely inclusion of forecasted information in forming expectations of credit losses, and aligns the recognition of credit losses with the reporting period in which the changes occur. The Company implemented this ASU as of and for the year ended March 31, 2024, on a modified-retrospective basis. Adoption of ASU 2016-13 did not have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. No changes were required to previously reported consolidated financial statements as a result of the adoption.

Income taxes

The Company is organized as a limited liability company. For federal and state income tax purposes, the Company elected to be treated as a C-corporation and is subject to income taxes under Internal Revenue Service and state guidelines.

A tax position is recognized as a benefit only if it is "more likely than not" that the tax position would be sustained in a tax examination, with a tax examination being presumed to occur. Once this threshold is met, the amount recognized in the financial statements is the largest amount of tax benefit likely realized on examination. For tax positions not meeting the "more likely than not" test, no tax benefit is recorded. The Company does not expect the total amount of unrecognized tax benefit to significantly change in the next twelve months. The Company is no longer subject to examination by taxing authorities for the years before 2021.

If incurred, the Company recognizes interest and penalties related to income tax withholdings and unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense. The Company had \$0 accrued for interest and penalties as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, and no such expenses were recorded for the years then ended.

Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Concentration of credit risk

During the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, approximately 26% and 23%, respectively, of total sales were to two customers. At March 31, 2025 and 2024, approximately 63% and 66%, respectively, of total accounts receivable were from three customers.

During the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company purchased substantially all inventory from the Parent.

The Company maintains cash at a commercial bank in deposit accounts. As of March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured deposits up to \$250,000 per financial institution. At March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company had uninsured cash of approximately \$156,000 and \$377,000, respectively.

Subsequent events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through April 25, 2025, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company sponsors a SIMPLE IRA retirement plan, and employees are eligible to participate immediately with no minimum service requirement. The SIMPLE IRA plan provides for an employer match of 100% of the first 3% of salary deferred by an employee. For the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company's contributions into the retirement plan totaled \$28,015 and \$35,787, respectively.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment at March 31, 2025 and 2024 consists of the following:

		2025	2024
Computer equipment	\$	22,591	\$ 20,927
Land and leasehold improvements		187,577	220,655
Furniture and fixtures		17,646	14,005
Machinery and equipment		1,154,064	 1,015,671
		1,381,878	1,271,258
Accumulated depreciation	-	(700,445)	(699,721)
Total property and equipment	\$	681,433	\$ 571,537

NOTE 5 - INCOME TAXES

The Company elected a C-Corporation status for income tax purposes. The provision for income taxes includes current federal and state income taxes and deferred taxes arising from temporary differences between income for financial reporting and income tax purposes.

Deferred tax assets or liabilities at the end of each period are determined using the currently enacted tax rate to apply to taxable income in the periods in which the deferred tax asset or liability is expected to be settled or realized. At March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company recorded a net long term deferred tax (liability) asset of (\$65,746) and \$77,718, respectively, related to differences between financial accounting and tax basis accounting for depreciation, allowance for credit losses, and certain assets and liabilities. At March 31, 2025, the net deferred tax liability included gross deferred tax liabilities of \$746,000 and assets of \$680,000.

For federal income tax purposes, the Company's net operating loss (NOL) of \$1,124,000 for the year ended March 31, 2025 will be combined with the \$721,000 NOL carried forward from the year ended March 31, 2024, resulting in a total NOL of \$1,845,000 to offset taxable income in future years. A corresponding deferred tax asset of \$387,000 has been recorded for the potential NOL carryforward benefit, and a valuation allowance has been established for the full amount.

For state income tax purposes, the Company recorded NOLs for Georgia, Alabama, and California which can be utilized to offset taxable income in future years. A valuation allowance has been established to fully offset related deferred tax assets.

At March 31, 2025, the Company has federal income taxes receivable of \$282,300 and state income taxes payable of \$7,945 recorded on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. At March 31, 2024, the Company has federal income taxes receivable of \$282,300 and state income taxes receivable of \$5,100 recorded on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The Company's income tax expense shown on the consolidated statements of income for the year ended March 31, 2025, consists of \$2,174 in current tax expense and \$143,464 in deferred tax expense. The Company's income tax benefit shown on the consolidated statements of income for the year ended March 31, 2024, consists of \$36,103 in current tax expense and \$73,543 in deferred tax benefit.

NOTE 6 - NOTES PAYABLE

ICICI Bank UK

In August 2016, the Company entered into a short-term loan facility agreement with ICICI Bank UK for \$2,250,000. Interest on the loan is charged at a rate of LIBOR plus 2% and is payable by the Company to ICICI Bank UK quarterly. Interest expense of \$159,711 and \$172,376 related to this note is included in the accompanying consolidated statements of income for the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The loan originally matured on August 23, 2017, was renewed annually, and currently matures on June 18, 2025. The loan is included in current liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The loan is collateralized by a \$2,500,000 line of credit maintained by the Parent. Fees paid and payable to the Parent for maintaining this line of credit as collateral, as well as other bank loan fees, totaled \$77,604 and \$54,104 for the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. These fees are included as financing fees in the accompanying consolidated statements of income with a portion also included in prepaid expenses.

NOTE 6 - NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

Coastal States Bank

Long-term debt with Coastal States Bank consists of the following:

		Marc	h31,	A7
		<u>2025</u>		<u>2024</u>
Note payable dated February 1, 2023 originally totaling \$29,520, payable in 60 monthly principal and interest payments of \$600 bearing interest of 8% through February 1, 2028, when outstanding principal and interest are due.	\$	17,772	\$	23,282
Note payable dated September 22, 2020 originally totaling \$40,000, payable in 60 monthly principal and interest payments of \$755 bearing interest at 4.95% through September 22, 2025, when outstanding principal and				
interest are due.		3,577		12,220
Less amounts due within one year	<u></u>	21,349 (9,572)	e-	35,502 (14,046)
Balance due after one year	\$	11,777	\$	21,456

Aggregate maturities of the loans with Coastal States Bank are as follows:

Year ending March 31,		
2026	\$	9,572
2027		5,956
2028		5,821
Thereafter	,	
	\$	21,349

Interest expense of \$2,105 and \$2,921 related to loans with Coastal States Bank are included in the accompanying consolidated statements of income for the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

CTBC Bank Co, Ltd. (CTBC)

In February 2025, the Company entered into a short-term revolving line of credit agreement with CTBC for \$4,000,000, bearing interest at the Wall Street Prime Rate minus 1.80%. This agreement matures on August 22, 2025, and is secured by an irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by the New Delhi Branch of CTBC. Fees paid and payable to the Parent for maintaining this standby letter of credit guarantee, as well as other bank loan fees, totaled \$43,773 for the year ended March 31, 2025. These fees are included as financing fees in the accompanying consolidated statements of income with a portion also included in prepaid expenses.

Interest expense of \$18,842 related to this revolving line of credit agreement was incurred for the year ended March 31, 2025 and is included in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

NOTE 6 - NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

The \$3,400,000 outstanding loan balance as of March 31, 2025 is included in current liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Also under this agreement, a \$600,000 standby letter of credit was issued by CTBC for the Company to the owner of the Telfair Road property in Savannah, Georgia related to the Company's operating lease agreement. This standby letter of credit is not reflected on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company purchased inventory from the Parent totaling \$5,603,117 and \$16,321,539, respectively.

The Company has an amount due to the Parent of \$8,836,770 and \$12,375,571 at March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, which is included in accounts payable on the consolidated balance sheets.

During the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, the Company paid \$66,354 and \$61,366 to the Parent in consideration of the line of credit maintained by the Parent and used as collateral for the Company's short-term loan facility with ICICI Bank UK, as described in Note 6.

During the year ended March 31, 2025, the Company paid \$35,943 to the Parent in consideration of the standby letter of credit maintained by the Parent and used as guarantee for the Company's short-term loan facility with CTBC, as described in Note 6.

NOTE 8 - LEASE AGREEMENTS

The Company leases certain real estate under four long-term operating lease agreements and certain equipment under six finance lease agreements. The Company assesses whether an arrangement qualifies as a lease (i.e. conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration) at inception and only reassesses its determination if the terms and conditions of the arrangement are changed. Leases with an initial term of twelve months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet. Lease expense is recognized for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Expenses related to these short-term leasing arrangements totaled \$91,715 and \$61,317 during the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Company made an accounting policy election not to separate lease and non-lease components of contracts for its real estate and equipment. As such, lease payments may represent payments on both lease and non-lease components. At lease commencement, lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the remaining lease payments and discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate when an implicit rate is not provided in the lease agreement. Right-of-use assets initially equal the lease liability, adjusted for any lease payments made prior to lease commencement and for any lease incentives. The Company's lessee arrangements predominantly consist of noncancelable operating leases for depot space and noncancelable finance leases for equipment, expiring at various times through 2030. Lease terms may contain renewal and extension

NOTE 8 - LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

options and early termination features. Generally, these options do not impact the lease term because the Company is not reasonably certain that they will exercise the options. There are no variable payment terms, and no material residual value or material restrictive covenants included in any of the operating and finance leases to which the Company is a party.

The Company does not sublease any of the leased space or equipment. Certain finance leases include options to purchase the leased equipment. The depreciable life of this equipment is limited by the expected lease term unless there is a transfer of title or purchase option reasonably certain of exercise.

The following summarizes the line items in the consolidated balance sheets which include amounts for operating and finance leases as of March 31:

	2025	<u>2024</u>
Operating Leases		
Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$ 2,154,182	\$ 3,260,081
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	\$ 678,297	\$ 502,258
Long-term operating lease liabilities	2,150,387	2,828,684
Total operating lease liabilities	\$ 2,828,684	\$ 3,330,942
Finance Leases		
Property and equipment	\$ 507,480	\$ 374,826
Accumulated depreciation	(169,811)	(78,527)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 337,669	\$ 296,299
Current portion of finance lease liabilities	\$ 94,705	\$ 74,539
Long-term finance lease liabilities	246,307	225,126
Total finance lease liabilities	\$ 341,012	\$ 299,665

The following summarizes the weighted average remaining lease term and discount rate as of March 31:

	<u>2025</u> <u>2024</u>	
Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term		
Operating leases 3.	9 years 4.8 years	S
Finance leases 3.	5 years 4.0 year	S
Weighted Average Discount Rate		
Operating leases	7.40% 7.40%	
Finance leases	6.93% 7.26%	

NOTE 8 - LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

The maturities of lease liabilities as of March 31, 2025 are as follows:

Year ending March 31,	Operating		<u>Finance</u>
2026	\$ 864,512	\$	116,122
2027	771,662		106,653
2028	802,528		106,653
2029	834,630)	50,041
Thereafter			7,716
Total lease payments	3,273,332		387,185
Less: Interest	(444,648)	(46,173)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 2,828,684	\$	341,012

The following summarizes the line items in the consolidated income statements which include the components of lease expense for the year ended March 31:

		<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Operating lease expense included in lease expense	\$	765,805	\$ 375,374
Finance lease costs:			
Amortization of lease assets included in depreciation			
expense	\$	91,284	\$ 63,906
Interest on lease liabilities included in interest expense	-	25,221	17,962
Total finance lease costs	\$	116,505	\$ 81,868

The following summarizes cash flow information related to leases for the year ended March 31:

	2025	<u>2024</u>
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement		
of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 742,809	\$ 299,435
Operating cash flows from finance leases (interest)	25,221	17,962
Financing cash flows from finance leases (principal)	91,307	70,117
Lease assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:		
Operating leases		3,127,433
Finance leases	132,654	192,384